



B.K. BIRLA CENTRE FOR EDUCATION

SARALA BIRLA GROUP OF SCHOOLS
A CBSE DAY-CUM-BOYS' RESIDENTIAL SCHOOL



PERIODIC TEST - 1 2026-27

SET- 1

Social Science

Class: VI

Date: 11.06.26

Admission no:

Time: 1hr

Max Marks: 25

Roll no:

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. The question paper consists of five sections (A, B, C, D and E) with 10 questions in total.
2. All questions are compulsory.
3. Question numbers 1-3 are multiple choice questions of 1 mark each.
4. Question numbers 4 and 5 are of 2 marks each. Answers to these questions should not exceed 20-30 words each.
5. Question numbers 6 to 8 are of 3 marks each. Answers to these questions should not exceed 50-60 words each.
6. Question number 9 is a long answer question of 5 mark.
7. Question number 10 is Case based, carrying, 4 marks.

SECTION-A

1. A -----is the ratio of the distance between two places on a map.
a. Degree b. Scale c. Direction d. Symbols 1
2. Which line tells us where the earth's days begin and end? 1
a. IDL b. IST c. Prime Meridian d. None of these
3. The invention of ----- helped to improve transportation. 1
a. Wheel b. Vehicle c. plough d. None of these

SECTION-B

4. How tools did changed the lives of early humans? 2
5. What is the difference between a Plan and a sketch? 2

SECTION-C

6. What is a Map? Explain any two types of it. 3
7. How many time zones are followed by us? Explain any three components of map. 3
8. Who were Anthropologists? Elaborate sources of our past in short. 3

SECTION-D

9. Draw a figure of heat zones mentioning all the detail. Explain then in short. 5

OR

State the difference between latitudes and longitudes.

SECTION-E

10. Case Study:

Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow:

Archaeologists recently discovered a site near an ancient riverbed. They found several items buried deep in the ground, including burnt grains of wheat, clay pots with geometric designs, and a small stone pillar with writing carved into it. One of the archaeologists noted that while the pots tell us about the daily life of the people, the stone pillar is an **inscription** that likely records the victories of a local king. However, since the writing is in an ancient script that no one can read yet, the team must use **decipherment** to understand its meaning. They also found several **manuscripts** written on palm leaves in a nearby dry cave, which describe the religious beliefs of the same civilization.

1. Explain what is meant by the term "**Inscription**" as mentioned in the text 1
2. Write importance of manuscripts. 1
3. Why is the process of **decipherment** crucial for historians when they discover scripts like the one on the stone pillar? 2

ALL THE BEST